17-54-95

G. R. S. [IX 5]

Previous references.

Immel 8-75 Ds 166 1897-1898

~~191~~ .

(Immigrant)

File No. 19-9

Serial Nos. 1 to

Later references

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 1 to 11

Part B for September 98

SUBJECT

Removal of prickly pear and lantana in the ~~Boom~~ State

Indexed

W D 88—GPB—50,000—24-7-15

LAB

Are there any refes relating to lantana?

Put up refes, if any, re: measures for preventing the growth of prickly pear. ~~Where are the reports~~ What are these I want this early.

15/11/98

Submitted with

1) L.F 54-95 containing

Pro etc $\frac{2938}{L\,F\,54\text{-}95}$ dt 29/8/95 (L(3)) in regard to the removal of Lantana in the City of Bangalore

2) Extract of para 3 from

C.elt etc $\frac{7257\text{-}66}{L\,576}$ dt 25/9/96 in regard to the provision to be made in D F Budgets for the removal of prickly pear

S.F. 7/11/98

Above

See 186 of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1884

(1) The Municipal Council may, by general or special notice —

(a) direct the removal of prickly-pear growing within municipal limits

(b) prohibit the planting of wild croton, prickly pear, wattle, lantana or other noxious vegetation, or

(c) require the owner or occupier of any building or land which is in their opinion in a filthy or unwholesome state or which is overgrown with trees or with wild croton, wattle, lantana, or other noxious vegetation, to cleanse, clear, or otherwise put the same in a

proper state within a time
to be specified in such "
notice

Dmj

Memo on the

arrest of the growth of

Lantana in the territories

of Mysore

On the recommendation

made by the Superintendent

Govt Gardens, Bangalore

in regard to the necessity

for taking effective measures

to limit the growth of

Lantana Camara Linn within

the territories of Mysore

the opinions of the

several Dy Commrs

invited in regard to the

D'

suggestions made

Mr Cameron A

summary of replies

accordingly received from

the Dy Comm of the

various Districts is

given in the accompanying

paras below:—

The Dy Comm of

Bangalore concedes that

it is necessary to limit the

growth of the shrub and

suggests that the plant

on unoccupied lands in the

vicinity of villages may be

removed at the cost of the

District Funds. But he doubts

whether it is feasible or necessary

ch 11559 2/5/98

to pass rules regarding its removal from private lands in as much as these holders are interested in preserving their property

(2) The Dy Conr of Kolar states that Lantana does not abound in the District and is not largely used for hedges that the precautions suggested by Mr Cameron will minimize the evil though it cannot be ~~eradicated~~ eradicated altogether. For, even in carefully trimmed hedges, there must be bushels of seeds capable of being transported and of taking root in cultivated soil or waste lands and once they take root in District or Reserved jungles they are likely to become a nuisance pest and cannot be removed except at the cost of Govt It has been found difficult to

x No $\frac{3169}{935}$-D7 24/3/98

get the ryots to remove prickly pear encroaching on their houses and lands and it is therefore likely that they would help the Govt in uprooting the lantana on unoccupied lands. But where it exists on occupied lands, ryots would remove it if it is worth their while to do so The Dy Coms however suggests that it is desirable to enforce a bye law or Rule in Municipal towns and villages for the pruning of the hedges and uprooting of bushes and seedlings in backyards and unoccupied lands.

(3) The Dy Coms of Tumkur considers that steps should be taken for the arrest of the growth of the plant in the fields as well as in the vicinity of villages & suggests that all Canvassers should be published in the Kannada and Telugu and Tamil so that the attention of the Collectors and Dy Collectors may be

G.O. 876 Dy 24/9/98

be drawn to it and that
spare copies thereof be distributed
to each village.

Myasore D C cir 1242 of 25/4/98

(4) The Sub Dy offrs of Tirumakudal Dy Comrs of Mysore
Narsipur states that it is very necessary
to take steps to abate this scourge
before it becomes unmanageable
and suggests that in Municipal
towns a bye law may be introduced
to enforce ~~prun~~ pruning and
removal of suckers and that
a leaflet explaining in simple
Kanarese the evil effects of
cultivating or allowing the plant to
grow may be distributed freely
in villages, the Desh and Taluk
officers pointing out ^ to the
ryots the necessity for arresting
its growth. ^ Extract from the
Proceedings of the D. F Board dated
12/4/98 ~~resolving that~~ recording a
resolution to the effect that the
destruction of the plant was
necessary and that professional
opinion be obtained by Govt
as to the best mode of eradicating
the pest ~~from the Sandalwood~~ state
that steps were being taken

^ devising means for removal from towns

^ The Dy Comr of Mysore submits

rest of the growth of the plant.

(5) The Dy Coms of Hassan states that it was originally introduced into all parts as a serviceable ~~hedge~~ hedge plant, ~~and this coffee planters~~ which in some parts has covered whole villages, so much so that people are obliged to shift their abodes - and that the coffee planters having found it to be very destructive are now at a loss to understand how to root it out. He suggests that laws may be passed regulating the owners of lands, - Municipal towns to remove or turn to plants when used for hedges. ~~But~~ But as in the case of villages, every attempt ~~to~~ [illegible] made, by making money, [illegible] to [illegible] not to [illegible] - [illegible] - not to [illegible] - put to - shoots - the growth has [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible]

means of its destruction and thereby lay coffee planters and others under obligation to them

(6) The Deputy Commissioner of Shimoga states that this plant does not grow to any large extent in this District except in certain marshy tracts and extensive reserved bunding sites. He suggests the following for its removal or restriction of its growth:-

(a) A provision should be inserted in the Forest and the village Sanitation Regulations requiring (a) the owners of private lands within the village boundaries to remove the plant or to restrict its growth and (b) the village panchayats to remove the plant from the common pastures of the village

the authority maintaining the roads should be required to remove the plantation so as not to encroach on either side.

(3) As regards lands outside villages, Rule XX(18) of the Rules is made enough to allow D.C. to give such lands on Shrotriem tenure and no special measures seem necessary in respect of them

(4) For the purpose of levying village cesses, a special concession is made for the D.F.C. in exceptional cases that may sanction special grants to close lands outside villages, if necessary. In Municipal towns, the cost should be met from Municipal funds.

(5) The Rules [illegible]

of nuisance is sufficient to
compel an owner of land
to check the growth of such
weeds so as to spread
into the neighbouring land.
There is no provision in the
(Revenue Code or (Rules to same
such an obligation expressly
on an occupant owner of land &
the DJ Coms suggests for
consideration whether
a section may not be
introduced enacting that
an occupant of agricultural
land shall be bound to
keep it clear of Lantana,
Prickly pear and other noxious
vegetation, likely to spread
to neighbouring lands and
attaching penalty to the
non fulfilment of the
obligation Section ...

to courts in ~~esctp~~ esctenden
the principle as between
private parties also.

(7) The D/ Comr of Kaira cir 647 c/ 26/3/98
makes the following suggestion

(1) In villages, the hedge
or hedges around and
within the village should
be kept trimmed to a
prescribed limit of say 2 ft>
wide and Patels held responsible
that this limit is not exceeded

(2) In fields, ryots should
be warned that, if they
should allow a Lantana
hedge to encroach upon
[illegible] waste or [illegible] land,
they would render themselves liable
to a fine under section [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

safeguard their own interest in checking the growth of the plant.

(4) The Dy Comrs add that small sums have been sanctioned from 1[illegible]. Funds for the destruction of the plant in specified localities

(8) The Dy Comr of Chhatisgarh concurs with other Commrs in considering that steps should be taken to arrest the growth of Lantana, which is fortunately scarce in his

No 843/776 Dj 5/3/98

Subd to Secretary,

As the Dy Comrs are of opinion that there is great necessity for the spread of the plant being checked & Mr Shenaya and Kaden have made some important suggestions as regards the steps to be taken for the purpose, which are at above.

BR
13/6/98

Apl 1899 [illegible]

and Sanitation Rules, now
under the Consideration
of Govt. of
1. 15/6/92.

No provision can be made in
the draft Local Boards Regln. for
to enforce compulsory destruction of the
Lantana. But as this is a matter
concerning "the health, comfort, convenience
interest or welfare of the public," [s. 7 cl
j) of the draft Regln.] it is no doubt competent
to the Board to provide for the same,
so far as the funds at its disposal will
permit."

The draft Mun. Regln. (minor Mun. Cities)
~~has also made provision for this~~
provides in s. 60 that "the Mun. Board
may by notice require the owner or
occupier of any land to clear away
and remove any thicket or noxious
vegetation or undergrowth which
appears to the board to be injurious to
health or offensive to the neighbourhood."
A similar provision is contained in
s. 93 of the Bangalore Mun. Laws,
proposed to be adopted for the Mysore
and some other Municipalities.

The draft Village Sanitation
Rules also ~~provide~~ provide that
Lands being from time to time
~~by~~ with weeds or noxious vegetation

No [illegible]

[illegible]

15/6/92

Minor villages Rules to be
added with Notification the
Sanitation Rules may
be issued as well as the draft
Village Sanitation Rules

laws bye-laws & rules amendment be approved or
law lie over. dis per Secy's

on office memo.
v on replies received from
wers. When the above was
mitted no reply was expected
n Bangalore and Cleppam[illegible]
ch are governed by a Regulation.
8/7/98

to Secy.
ve Draft Municipal Regns
under consideration are
to contain the required (Legislative Branch)
visions. Please see Asst Secy's
of 20/6/98 and order thereon
may lie over till the Regulations
assed BR.
8/9/98

Secy (Legislative
Branch).
Kindly return these
rafts of Bye-Laws
in accordance with
Asst Secy's
C.
13-9-98

of the 3rd Regn is inapplicable
ers to the trimming & pruning
of trees, and not to the removal
nches or the prevention of their
ss and encroachment.
133 merely imposes a penalty
ver a occupier who allows his
s be overgrown with noxious vege-
, and renders him liable to payment
expenses of any work executed by
resp[illegible].
The only provision under which
ncil Commr is authorized to
a Bye law like the one under

FICE
2107
6-9-98. 1898/9

L439
10

From

The President,

Bangalore City Municipality.

To The Secretary to the
Govt of Mysore
Genl & Rev: Offices
Bangalore.

Dated 7th
Despatched
Received

General No. 43
No.

Enclosure No. 2.

Submitting for
approval the Draft
Bye-law to check the
growth of Cantonments

LBR
6/7/98

Submitted for orders
with reference to Please see that
of 20/6/98 on the memo
part of the Asst Secy's note, marked ⊗,
from which it will be seen that
Secy's of the Municipal Laws pro-
bly adopted for Bangalore and else-
[illegible] provides for the removal of any
trees or noxious vegetation [illegible]

reference is the [illegible]
section 225, under which it
is ~~[illegible]~~ lawful for the Commrs
to make bye laws "for preserving
cleanliness in the town and for
carrying out any of the purposes
of the Inl Regltn" a description
of their functions which is wide
enough to ~~[illegible]~~ cover the proposed
bye-laws.

I may, however, state
that the madras of Inl Bill,
which is being, under the
Secretary's orders, adapted
for introduction into Mysore,
contains a section (no. 186)
which provides all that is
~~required~~ on this subject; and
that, therefore, the issue of the
proposed bye-laws seems hardly
necessary.

Submitted to Hon'ble [illegible]

[illegible] 19/3/98

This new law
is likely to be
taken up & passed
soon. This ~~[illegible]~~
reference
may therefore
be kept for
the present

27-3-98

Mr Chasseaud
ie Inl Bill

[illegible] 27.3.98

Office (Genl)
Put up copy of
s. 186 of the Madras Bill
for information

S. M. R

Form them into open
file and mark references in the
Index Register [illegible] 28/3/98

Submitted

(General Serial No. 30.)

Issued
No. 19-97
1

1897

From The Supt. Govt. Gardens, Bangalore.

To The Secy: to Govt. of Impore, Genl + Rev. Departments

Dated 15th Dec:

Despatched

Received

No. Enclosures No.

General No. 187
No.

Calling attention to the evils consequent upon the extensive growth of Lantana in the Province, and proposing that Govt. may form a Bye-Law for measures to arrest the progress of the shrub and keep the same within reasonable limits.

Submitted.

Rw, 11/12/97

Submitted for orders

11/12/97

Central Jail Press, Bangalore.—6-3-97.—10,002.

No. 187

15 D

From

The Superintendent
Government Gardens,

To

The Secretary to Government of
Mysore, General and Revenue
Departments.

Sir,

In respectfully drawing attention to the extensive growth of the exotic shrub, Lantana Camara, Linn. within the territories of Mysore, I have the honor to propose that effective measures may be taken to limit the growth of this plant.

2 Reasons for limitation Kept in its proper place, this species of Lantana serves a useful purpose in helping to reclaim barren tracts of land and rock of which there is so much in the country But where the soil is already fertile it should only be admitted with much caution and to a very limited extent. Planted in good land it grows most luxuriantly throwing out suckers and seedlings on every side. Birds also eat the fruit and disperse seed far and wide. Fortunately a large per centage of the seed is unfertile, so that propagation from that source is not so

extensive as would at first appear. Once established, the plant possesses a great tenacity of life, and like the prickly pear it will appear again and again after being uprooted. It is only when all the roots and dormant seeds have been removed from the soil that resuscitation ceases, and this, it should be remembered, is an expensive and difficult task when the shrub covers a large area.

3 Distribution. Lantana is now found in varying quantity throughout the principal routes and thoroughfares of the province. It is established in the large towns as also in many villages, while in the Hunsur Taluk it covers thousands of acres of scrub jungle and is fast encroaching on cultivated land. But to realise what is likely to happen one has only to look around Bangalore itself where untrimmed fences of Lantana may be seen advancing into the adjacent fields on every side.

4 Cause of distribution. There is no denying the fact that Lantana is both attractive and protective, while its easy propagation by division

incentive for cultivation. When properly trimmed and kept, it affords a neat and very serviceable hedge, either for the compound or roadside. The above qualities have led to an extensive use of Lantana for hedging purposes. But in many cases no attempt is made in subsequent treatment to keep the plant within reasonable bounds, hence it spreads over useful land and becomes a cover for vermin and filth. The evil is aggravated by the protection afforded to the plant on private properties, and until a Bye-Law is formed to enforce pruning and the removal of suckers, the species will continue to spread in every direction. Being obnoxious to cattle and very thorny, the plant lends itself to purposes of protection which the raiyat has not been slow to appreciate, and by utilising it in the villages to protect special cultures he is establishing a pest which will eventually cause trouble.

In the maidan country the evil is still in its infancy and can easily be grappled with by the authorities. The greatest danger would arise if from allowing the species to run wild in

villages, which, in all probability would do if not arrested in time.

With these few words of warning,

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

[signature]

Superintendent

Section Miscl
File No 19-97
2

Print in extenso

Read:

Letter No. 187 dated 15th December 1897 from the Superintendent, Government Gardens, Bangalore (calling attention to the impending evils consequent upon the extensive growth of Lantana within the Province) & Order thereon.

No 8719-36
" 57-54-95-8/28/1/98
RL 1538

Copies of the letter be forwarded to the Deputy Commissioners of Districts and Presidents of Municipal and Local Fund Boards for an expression of their opinion on the question made by the Supt. Govt. Gardens for adopting effectual measures to limit the growth of Lantana both in municipal towns and Local parts.

Secretary.
Dg 2/1/1898

Agree with the suggestions made by Mr. Cameron in the event of the growth of the Lantana

Eg 26/1/98 To

26/1/1898

The Deputy Commissioners of Districts and Presidents of Municipal & Local Fund Boards

Proceedings of the Government of Mysore, Local Boards Branch, Municipal and Local Funds, dated 28th January 1898.

READ :—

Letter No. 187, dated 15th December 1897, from the Superintendent, Government Gardens Bangalore

In respectfully drawing attention to the extensive growth of the exotic shrub, *Lantana Camara*, Linn, within the territories of Mysore, I have the honor to propose that effective measures may be taken to limit the growth of this plant.

2. *Reasons for Limitation.*—Kept in its proper place, this species of *Lantana* serves a useful purpose in helping to reclaim barren tracts of land and rock of which there is so much in the country But where the soil is already fertile it should only be admitted with much caution and to a very limited extent Planted in good land it grows most luxuriantly, throwing out suckers and seedlings on every side Birds also eat the fruit and deposit seed far and wide. Fortunately a large percentage of the seed is unfertile, so that propagation from that source is not so extensive as would at first appear Once established, the plant possesses great tenacity of life, and like the prickly pear, it will appear again and again after being uprooted. It is only when all the roots and dormant seeds have been removed from the soil that resuscitation ceases, and this, it should be remembered, is an expensive and difficult task when the shrub covers a large area.

3 *Distribution*—*Lantana* is now found in varying quantity throughout the principal routes and throughfares of the province. It is established in the large towns as also in many villages, while in the Hunsur taluk it covers thousands of acres of scrub jungle and is fast encroaching on cultivated lands. But to realize what is likely to happen one has only to look around Bangalore itself where untrimmed fences of *Lantana* may be seen advancing into the adjacent fields on every side.

4 *Cause of Distribution*—There is no denying the fact that *Lantana* is both attractive and protective, while its easy propagation by division is a further incentive for cultivation When properly trimmed and kept, it affords a neat and very serviceable hedge, either for the compound or roadside. The above qualities have led to an extensive use of *Lantana* for hedging purposes But in many cases no attempt is made in subsequent treatment to keep the plant within reasonable bounds, hence it spreads over useful land and becomes a cover for vermin and filth The evil is aggravated by the protection afforded to the plant on private properties, and until a Bye Law is formed to enforce pruning and the removal of suckers the species will continue to spread in every direction Being obnoxious to cattle and very thorny, the plant lends itself to purposes of protection which the ryot has not been slow to appreciate, and by utilizing it in the villages to protect special cultures here is establishing a pest which will eventually cause trouble.

5 In the maidan country the evil is still in its infancy and can easily be grappled with by the authorities The greatest danger would result from allowing the species to run wild in the villages, which, in all probability it would do if not arrested in time

With these few words of warning I have &c.

No 8719 36—L F. 54-95, DATED BANGALORE, 28TH JANUARY 1898

ORDER THEREON.—Copies of the above are forwarded to the Deputy Commissioners of Districts and Presidents of Municipal and Local Fund Boards for an expression of their opinion with regard to the suggestions made by Mr Cameron for the arrest of the growth of the *Lantana*

C. SREENIVASIENGAR,
Secy to Govt, Gen. & Rev Depts

To—The Deputy Commissioners of Districts and Presidents Municipal and Local Fund Boards,

EXD.—H A R

1897-98

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

LOCAL BOARDS BRANCH,
MUNICIPAL & LOCAL FUNDS

PROCEEDINGS

ed 28th January 1898

No $\frac{8719\text{-}36}{\text{L. F. } 54\text{-}95}$

Calling for an expression of opinion with regard to the suggestions made by Mr. Cameron for the arrest of the growth of *Lantana*

M.G.C.P.B.—17-2-98—300

Received also the replies from other Districts

Dy 5/3/98

Yes C

5/3/98

M.R

To collect replies and to forward reminders from time to time. Dy 5/3

Section — Inwd 19-97 3

C/10,14

7594
4/3/98.

DIVISION OF M 1897-98 24

From

The Dy. Commissioner, of the Bangalore District.

To

The Secretary to the Government of Mysore Revenue and General Departments

Dated 2nd
Despatched 3 } March 1898.
Received

General No.
19 No 1155

Enclosure No

Govt order No. 8719-36 L7-54-95 of the 28th January 1898.

Submits opinion on the subject of the arrest of the growth of Lantana, suggested by Mr. Cameron.

No. 1155.

Bangalore District
Dy. Commissioner's Office
Bangalore 2nd March 1898.

To

The Secretary to the
Government of Mysore
Rev. & Genl. Depts.

Sir,

With reference to Government Order No. 8719-36 & 7 54-95 of the 28th January 1898, calling for Opinion about the suggestion made by Mr. Cameron for the arrest of the growth of Lantana, I beg to state that it seems necessary to limit the growth of this fast spreading shrub. Wherever it is necessary to uproot it in the vicinity of villages, it may be done at the cost of the District Funds in regard to the lands which are not in holding. I do not know if it is feasible, or necessary to pass Rules regarding its removal from private Lands, inasmuch as their holders are interested in preserving their property.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedient servant

T. Venkata Row

Dy. Commissioner,
Bangalore District.

Encls

L 1947

Gen. Serial No. 80.] 7805

1898. 10/3/98.

Inward 19-97 4

From The Deputy Commissioner Chitaldrug District.

To

The ~~Chief~~ Secretary to the Government ~~Dewan~~ of Mysore. General and Revenue Departments.

Dated 5th March 1898.

Despatched 8th

Received

Enclosures No.

General No. 843 5 L.

No. 796 75

In reply to

SUBJECT.

Stating that the suggestion made by Mr Cameron regarding the arrest of the growth of Lantana, may be adopted.

L 7

10 3 98

References—(to be entered in the Dewan's Office).

No: 843. Etc: 796. 110

Deputy Commissioner's Office
Chubalong District
Dated Chubalong, 5th March 1898

To

The Secretary to the
Government of Mysore
General and Revenue Department

Sir,

With reference to Govern-
ment proceedings No 8719 36 / L.T 54 95 dated 28th
January last calling for an
expression of opinion with regard
to the suggestions made by Mr Cane
for the arrest of the growth of
Lantana I have the honor to
state that I concur with Mr Cun-
ningham considering that steps should
taken to arrest the growth of
Lantana It is fortunately Ex
ex in the District

I have the honor to
Sir
your most obedient Ser-
vant

[illegible]
D

L 2090

8409
28/3/98.

Gen. Serial No. 31.]

1898

Section Annual
No. 19-97
5

From The Lieutenant Governor
Victoria District

To The Secretary to the
Government of Imperial
General and Colonial Offices
Dated 24th. March
Despatched 26th. March
Received

Enclosures No.

General No. 3169
No. 935

Reporting on the
growth of Sandina

L 98 28/3/98

Deputy Commissioners Office
Kolar District,
dated 26th March 1898.

To

The Secretary to the
Government of Mysore
General and Revenue Departments
Bangalore.

Sir, With reference to Government Proceedings No 8719-36 / L.T. 64-95 dated 28th January 1898 I have the honor to state that Lantana does not abound in this district. It is not even largely used for hedges. The precautions suggested by Mr Cameron will however certainly minimize the evil, though it cannot eradicate it. ———————

For even in the hedges which are most carefully trimmed, there must be buckets of seeds capable of being transported in various ways and of taking root on Communal Land on waste lands and once they take root in District or reserved jungles with sufficient moisture, they are likely to become a serious pest But there is no means of removing them, except at the cost of Government

Sd.

2. It is found very difficult to get the ryots to remove privately fences even when it has encroached on their houses and lanes, and they are not likely to be ready to help Government to reap the benefits on unoccupied lands. But in the case of cultivable lands the hedges will soon be exterminated, if the people find it worth while to take them up for cultivation.

3. It is however desirable to enforce a by-law or rule in Municipalities and Villages for the pruning of the hedges and uprooting of bushes and weeds in backyards and occupied lands.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

A Rangaswamy

Municipal Commissioner

L 2102 5

1897-98 8421
28/3/98

From The Deputy Commr.
Trinidad District.

Sec. Annual
No. 19-97
Serial No. 6

To The Secretary to
the Govt of Guyana, Govt
& Rev. Depts.

Dated 25th
Despatched 26th } March 1898
Received

General No. 876.
No.

Enclosure No.

Govt Circ: No 871-36
L. Tr 54-95
dated 28th January 1898.

Furnishing the
opinion, asked for, regarding
the suggestions made
by Mr Cameron for
the correct spelling of
Toronette & Lantana.

LBO7 2873/98

No: 876. Deputy Commissioners office
Tumkúr District

Dated, Tumkúr, 25th March 1898

To. The Secretary to the Government of
Mysore General and Revenue Departments

Sir,

In acknowledging the receipt of
Government Proceedings no 8719-36
2.# 54-95
dated the 28th January 1898 (Received
on the 23rd February 1898) in re, arrest
of the growth of Lantana, I have the
honor to state that I quite agree with
Mr. Cameron in the opinion that steps
should be taken to arrest the growth
of the Lantana plant in the wild and
near villages. Wherever an undesira-
-ble growth of the plant was noticed, I
have advised the villagers to pre-
-vent its further spread. I would
suggest that Mr. Cameron's letter be
published in the Gazette in English
and Kannada, and the attention
of the Inam and Deputy Amildars
may be drawn to it. Where Lieuten
might be interested in containing
the growth.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your Most obedient Servant

M Narain Rao
Deputy Commissioner

L 210
26

8476 1898
29/3/98.

From The Deputy Commr.
Baduri District

Annual
19-97
7

To The Secretary to Govt
General and Revenue Dept

Dated 26th

Despatched 26th March

Received

General No. 647.
No.

Enclosure No.

Giving opinion with regard to the suggestions made for the arrest of the growth of Lantana

L 807
29 3 98

Chikmagalur
26th March 1898

From

The Deputy Commissioner
Madras District

To

The Secretary to Government
General and Revenue Deptt

Sir,

With reference to the Proceedings of Government, No 8719-26 dated 28th January 1898, calling for an expression of opinion with regard to the suggestions made by Mr Cameron for the growth of Lantana, I have the honor to make the following suggestions —

2 In Villages the hedge or hedges around and within the village should be kept trimmed to a prescribed limit of say 2 yards wide, and Patels held responsible that the limit is not exceeded

3 In fields, ryots should be warned that if they plant Lantana hedges they will be held responsible if it is allowed to encroach upon Government waste or general lands, and liable to fine under Section 59 of the Land Revenue Code and the rules framed thereunder,

In the case of Lantana growing on coffee estates and other occupied lands, I think planters and pyots may be safely left to safeguard their own interests in retarding the growth of Lantana on their cultivated lands. They are all probably well acquainted with the great tenacity of life the plant possesses and the difficulty of exterminating it when once it takes strong possession of the soil

5 In conclusion, I would add that a small sums from local funds for the destruction of Lantana in specified localities, where it has been allowed to encroach on village sites and gomal lands, have been sanctioned in this District.

I have the honor to be

Sir,

Your most obedt Servant

D. C. Cameron

Asst Deputy Commissioner

Wadicherla Dist

No. 1242
Enclosure No. Two

Annual
19-97
8

To

The Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
Revenue and General Departments.

Office of the President Dt Fund Board
~~Deputy Commissioner's Office~~,
Mysore District,
Dated Mysore 25 April 1898.

Sir,

With reference to G. O. No 8719-36-d. F 54-95 dated 28th January 1898, and the last reminder No 13380-82-d. F 54-95 of the 18th April 1898, I have the honor to state that the subject of the arrest of the growth of Lantana was discussed in the District Fund Board meeting of the Mysore Circle on the 12th instant, and the Board was of opinion that some effective measures should be taken for its arrest. An extract from the proceedings is herewith submitted.

2. The Sub Division Officer and the Asst. Commissioners were requested to furnish their opinion on the subject. A copy of the Sub Division Officer's letter No 1196 of the 6th March 1898 is herewith submitted for information.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedt servant
[illegible]
President Dt Fund Board
Mysore Dt.

From

9508
2674/58

The Deputy Commissioner,
Mysore District.

To

The Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,
Revenue and General Department.

Dated 25th April 1898.

Despatched

Received

General No. 1242
No.

Enclosure No. two

Expressing opinion in
favour of the grant
[illegible]

No 1196 French Rocks Sub Division Office

Dated French Rocks 6th March 98

To,

The Deputy Commissioner

Mysore District

Sir,

With reference to Government Proceedings No 8719-36-A.F. 54-95 of 28th. January 1898 received with your O.M. No 340 of the 24th Ultimo in re the suggestions made by Mr. Cameron for the arrest of the growth of Lantana, I have the honor to state that it is very necessary to take steps to abate this scourge before it becomes unmanageable.

2. In Municipal towns a bye law may be introduced to enforce pruning and removal of suckers.

3. The raiyats are ignorant of the nature of the plant. A leaflet explaining in simple Kanarese the evil effects of cultivating or allowing the plant to grow may be distributed freely in villages. The District and Taluk

when they are on tour, will of course point out to the ranjals the necessity of arresting the growth of Lantana in their fields or in village sites.

Name &c

/Sgnd/ K.P. Puttanna Chetty

Sub Division Officer

Kench Rocks

Copy

H.M. Cummings

Offg President & Bnd Bd

Mysore District

Contd

Proceedings of the District Fund Board of the Mysore circle at a meeting held on Tuesday the 12th April 1898

× × ×

7. Read Government order No 8719-36 / L.F 54-95 of the 28th January 1898 calling for an expression of opinion with regard to the suggestion made by Mr Lameron for the arrest of Mantana

Resolved that the destruction of the plant was quite necessary and that professional opinion be obtained by Government as to the best means of exterpating this pest

× × ×

To K P Puttanna Chetty
Esq. President, District Fund Board,
Mysore District

Extract.

K P Puttanna Chetty
Esq. President, District Fund
Board of the Mysore District

Copy
recd

40

Office of the Deputy Commissioner
Hassan District
Dated, Hassan, 2nd April 1893.

No 1073
Inward
19-9-97 from
9

To

The Deputy Commissioner
Hassan District

The Secretary to the Government of Mysore
General and Rev. Departments

Sir,

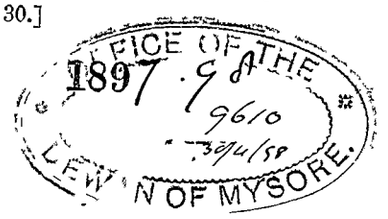
With reference to Government Proceedings No 8719-36 / L-2 54-95, dated 28th January last, calling for an expression of my opinion with regard to the suggestions made by Mr. Cameron for the arrest of the growth of Lantana, I have the honour to state that the growth of Lantana is no doubt, highly injurious to crops and that its growth in the Malnad parts is very luxuriant Originally it was introduced into all parts as a very serviceable hedge plant, but the Coffee Planters have found it to be very destructive and are at a loss how to root out the same. In some parts whole villages are covered with it, so much so, that people are obliged to shift their dwellings

2 So far as Municipalities are concerned, bye-laws may be passed requiring the owners of lands to remove or burn the plants when used for hedges but the problem is how to prevent its wild growth in different parts of the Country

3. Every attempt is being made to induce the villagers to remove the plant and in necessary cases money grants are also made out of the Local Fund Grant but its spread, is been outstripping all attempts to eradicate the same

L 23

Gen. Serial No. 30.]



From

Med

Lawson Districts

To

The ~~Chief~~ Secretary to the
Government *Dewan of Mysore.*
General and Rev: Dept.
Bangalore

Dated 28th } April 1898.
Despatched }

Received

Enclosures No. none.

General No.
No. 1072 /

In reply to No: 8719-36 } 28.4.98
L.F.54-95 }

SUBJECT.

Submitting opinion in regard to the suggestion made by Mr. Lawson for the arrest of the growth of Lantana in the Districts &c

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L 7
Jan 99

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office.)

4 If Mr Cameron can suggest any effective means of its destruction, Coffee planters and others would feel highly indebted to him.

I have the honour to be
Sir,
your most obedient Servant

Deputy Commissioner
Hassan District

42 9 L 2580

1897-98 10467

26-5-98.

From

19-97

10 To

Dated

Despatched

Received

General No. 1336

~~No.~~ 1099.

Enclosure No.

No. 1336/1099.

Shimoga District
Deputy Commissioner's office
Camp Kalurkatte 21st
May 1898

To.

The Secretary to the Government
of Mysore General and Rev.
Departments.

Sir,

With reference to Government Proceedings No. 8719-36/2754-95 dated 28th January 1898 and reminders No. 11924-9/2754-95 and 14507/54-95 dated 22nd March and 7th May 1895 respectively inviting opinions on the arrest of the growth of Lantana I have the honour to submit the following

2 Mr Cameron in his letter gives expression to a warning that this tenacious shrub should not be allowed to spread so as to become a great evil - but he has not made any suggestion of detail as to the method of eradicating it. As he says, it is only when all the rootstock and seeds have been removed from

the

the soil that reinvicitation ceases, and this suggests that the proper time to cut down the shrubs would be before they begin to flower They should be pulled out with the roots and burnt up

3 I consulted all the Smallholders here to ascertain how far the evil has spread in this district In the maidan parts, though the shrub is found in almost all villages in hedges and elsewhere, it has not attained any very large proportions, as Mr Cameron observes, anywhere In the Mulnad Taluks, where it has been introduced they have spread very largely on account of the local conditions favouring luxuriant growth of leafy vegetation The shrub has not however, spread here anywhere as far as I know in the same degree as Mr Cameron says it has In Sir as far as cultivated lands are concerned, ranges have that this is prevented and do not allow it to spread thereon. I have requested Smallholders and the Revenue officers to warn the [illegible] matter [illegible]

In fact I [illegible]

in which an ordinary cultivator has allowed his cultivation to be spoiled by their shrub invading his land.

4° At present it exists as a serious nuisance in village sites - especially where they are large and contain much open space and many abandoned sites - on the sides of roads and paths, and on unoccupied lands. With regard to its removal or restriction of growth on private lands within the boundaries of a village, I believe a provision will be inserted in the rules under the Sanitary Regulations, throwing the duty on the owners. I have suggested that a similar provision may throw the burden of keeping the common portions of a village clean, on the inhabitants generally. On the sides of roads - outside, the authority maintaining the roads should be impressed with the necessity of removing Lantana so as not to encroach on either side. I believe this is generally acknowledged and attended to at present.

5 As regards lands outside villages [illegible] of the Sanitary rules is [illegible] to allow the Deputy - [illegible] to give such lands

on Straga Lemune. This is well known but is not greatly utilised on account of navigate being able to get land on which there is not much growth of this sort In the malnad tracts, wet lands whether occupied or unoccupied are free from this pest. When unassessed waste land is applied for, the difficulty of clearing ch of Lantana is not taken into consideration - as I believe, the ryots generally do not choose such portion In the kan and other thickly wooded parts, this shrub is not found in as large a degree as may be expected: for this species of undergrowth already there (such a one as what is locally known as Gurige) has established itself too securely to be replaced by this exotic. In such in such places, the vegetation is dense enough without the additional Lantana, any additional growth of the shrub is not likely to render the work of clearing more difficult than it is otherwise. I do not think that any special measures are necessary to in such cases It may be advocated to in in malnad places, the poor people likely to consume the [illegible]

fuel, and that in many places these
shrubs serve for shade to protect
sandal seedlings

6 For the purpose of clearing village sites,
a sum is set apart generally from
the District Funds and the President
may utilise it for this purpose. In exceptional
cases, Government may sanction some
outlay to clear lands outside villages,
when they cannot be cleared without
such expense and when owing to
proximity to villages and towns or
the land being valuable etc, it is
important that the clearing should
be made. In Municipalities, the
work properly falls to be met out
of the ordinary Municipal income.

7 As between private parties, I
believe the ordinary laws of nuisance
is sufficient to compel an owner of
land to check the growth of weeds
like this and prevent them getting his
land from one year to another and spreading into neighbouring
land. There is no provision in the
Code or Rules throwing such
an obligation expressly on an occupier

of

of land with deference it is submitted
for consideration, whether a section may
not be introduced enacting that an
occupant of agricultural land shall
be bound to keep it clear of Canada
prickly pear and such other noxious
vegetation, likely to spread to sur-
rounding lands and attaching a
penalty to the non-fulfilment of the
obligation. Such a provision would
also come as a guide to Courts in
extending the principle as between
private parties also.

I have the honour to be
Sir
Your most obedient servant
H. Macdonald
Esq. &c. &c. &c.

1876

OFFICE OF THE MUNICIPAL COMMISSION

City Bangalore, 1st September 1896

No. 43/2

Section -- From Municl 19-97

The President, Municipal Commission,

11 Bangalore City.

To The Secretary to the
Government of Mysore
General & Revenue Depts
Bangalore.

Sir,

With reference to Government Proceedings No 8419-36 dated 28th January '98. I have the honor to submit herewith for approval a Draft Bye-law proposed to be issued in regard to the checking the growth of buildings within the Municipal limits of the City together with the Board's resolutions on the subject and to state that section 109 of the Municipal Regulations of 1891 requires amendment in as much as 6 feet height is prescribed there in while for all ordinary [illegible]

9

109

it seems sufficient if the height of the hedge is limited to 4 feet.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedt servant.

T. T. Leonard

[illegible]
BANGALORE, CITY.

Mattle

51 14

Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of 25 August 98

* * *

Ordinary Proposition

4. Draft Bye-law to check the growth of lantana.

Resolved that the Draft Bye-law be passed.

Sd/ T. T. Leonard,
President

Extract"

T. T. Leonard

JN,

BANGALORE, CITY

Mc

52. 10

Draft Bye-law

(1)
...DENT, MUNICIPAL COMMISSION,
BANGALORE, CITY.

Bye law No ~~in force~~ to arrest the spread of Lantana Camara Linn which threatens to become a pernicious and hurtful weed on landed property.

2. If the owner or occupier of any landed property within a Municipal limits wishes hereafter to sow or plant the shrub Lantana Camara for fencing or other purposes he (or she) must first obtain the sanction of the Municipal Board to do so.

3 Fences, Clumps, and Single shrubs of lantana may be entirely uprooted & removed from such properties, at the risk of the owner or occupier, should the Commissioners deem it necessary to do so either in the interests of sanitation or for the protection of landed proper[illegible]

4. Existing fences, Clumps

single shrubs shall hereafter be
kept within reasonable bounds
as laid down by the Municipal
Regulations due notice being served
by the Municipal President as to
limitation of growth, time of
pruning, removal of suckers and
Men de fails.

5. On the owner or occupier failing
to comply with the terms of the
above notice, the President may
get the work done and recover
the cost thereof from the parties
Concerned.

6. If the owner or occupier, as
the case may be, of any land or
property within Municipal limits
neglects within ten days from
the receipt of the Presidents' notice
to comply with all or any of the
provisions of this Bye-law
he (or she) shall be liable, on
Conviction before a Magistrate

a fine which may amount
to five rupees for every day that
such neglect may be continued
after the expiration of such notice